

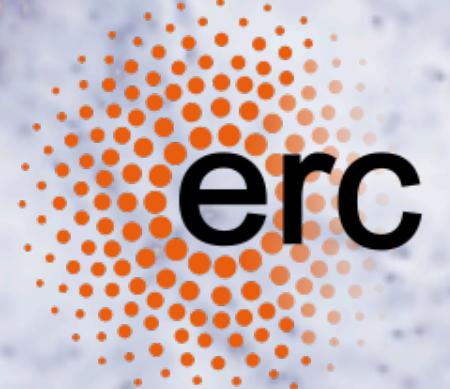
Crossing the boundary of 2-point statistics in modified gravity and dark energy

Matteo Cataneo (he/him/his)
University of Edinburgh

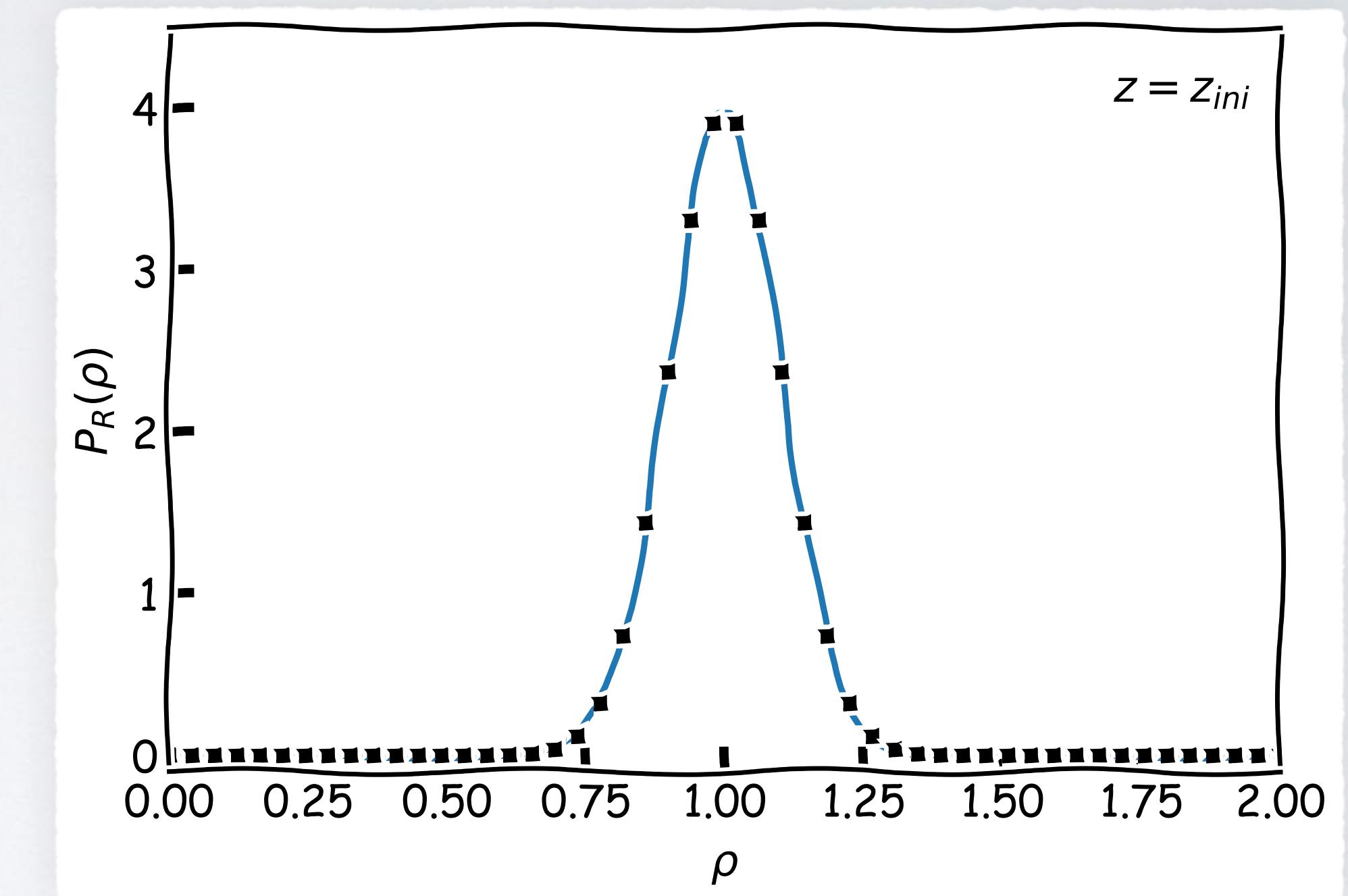
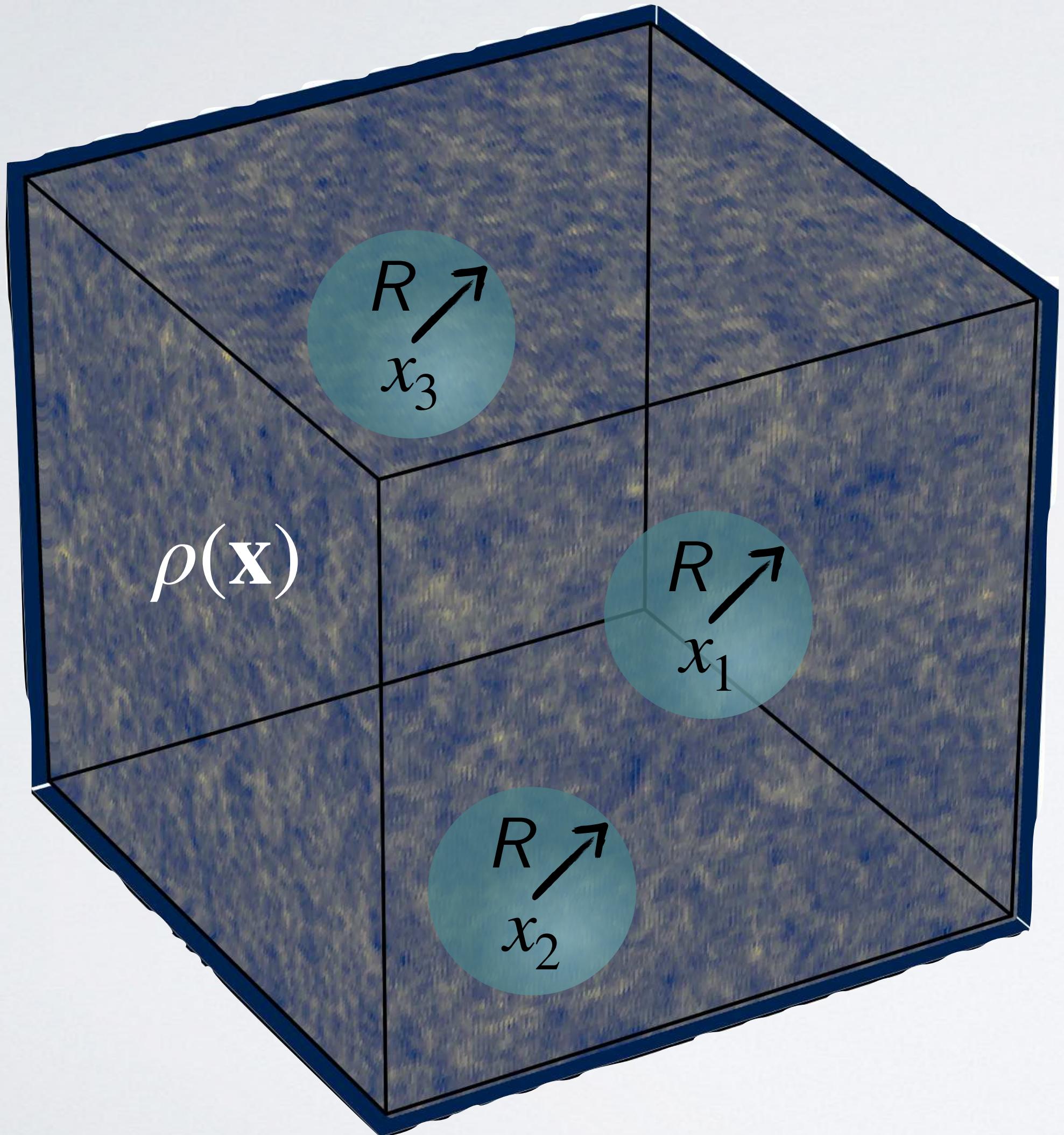


Cosmology from Home, 5-16/7/2021

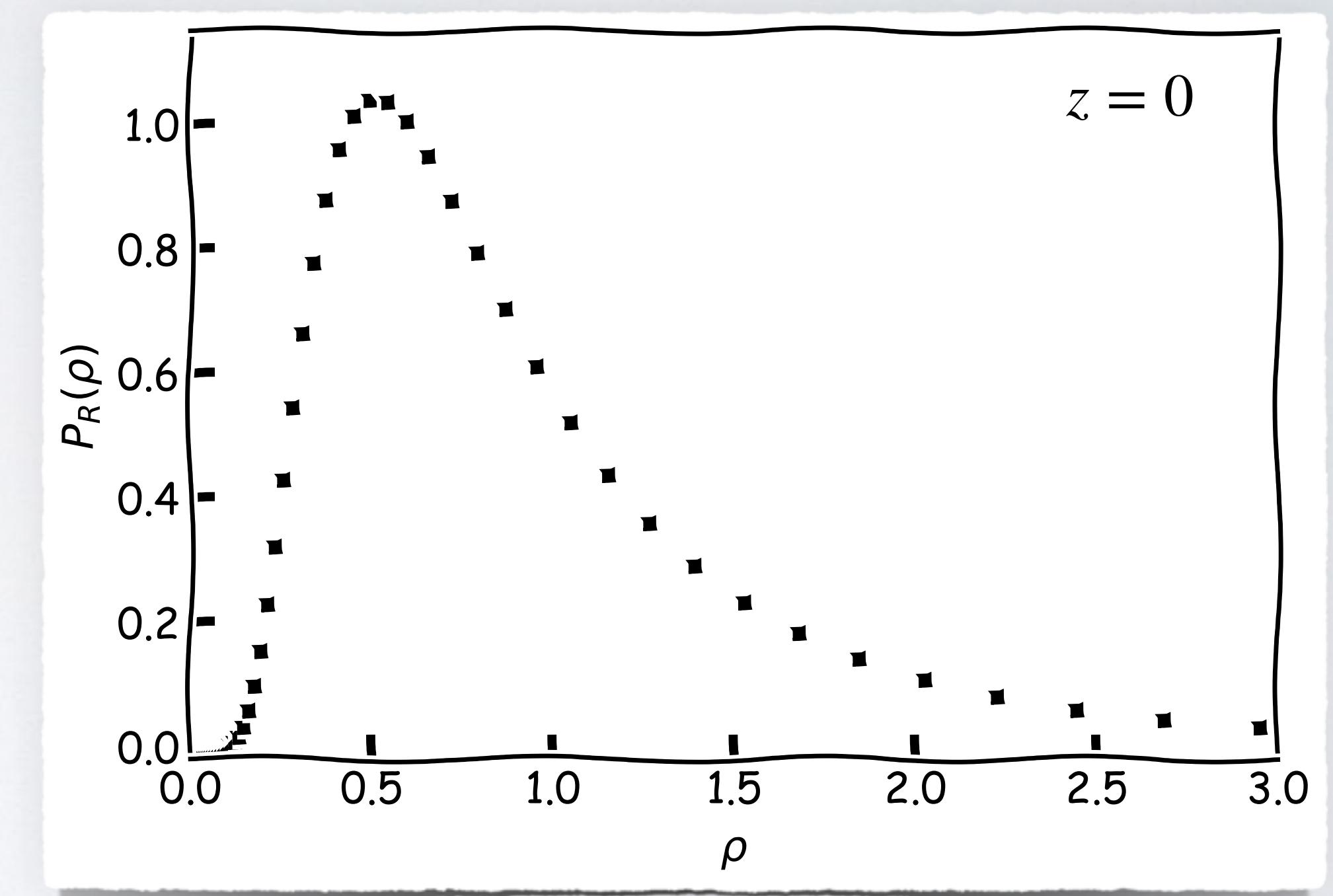
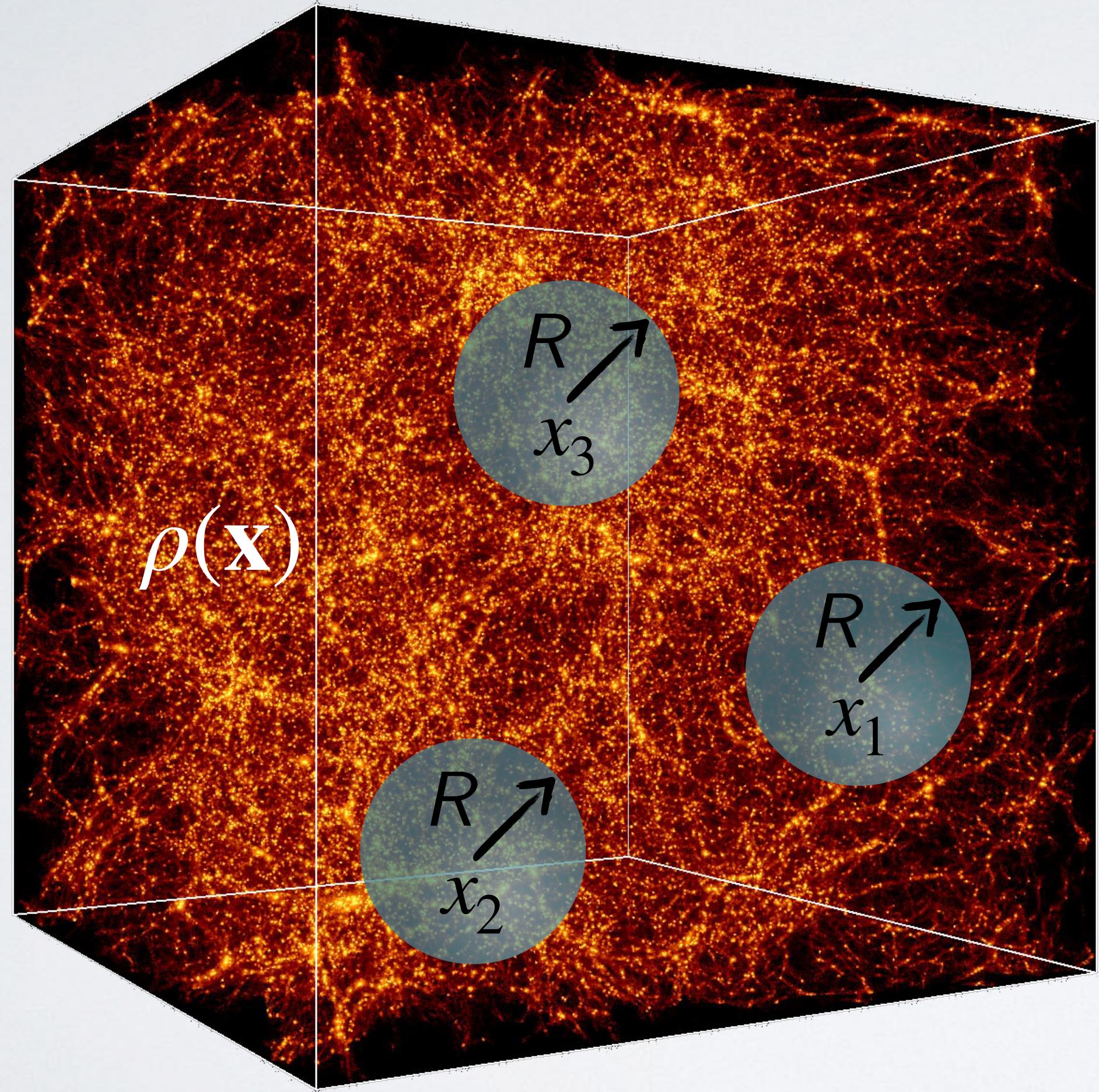
In collaboration with: Christian Arnold (Durham), Alex Gough (Newcastle), Catherine Heymans (Edinburgh), Baojiu Li (Durham) and Cora Uhlemann (Newcastle)



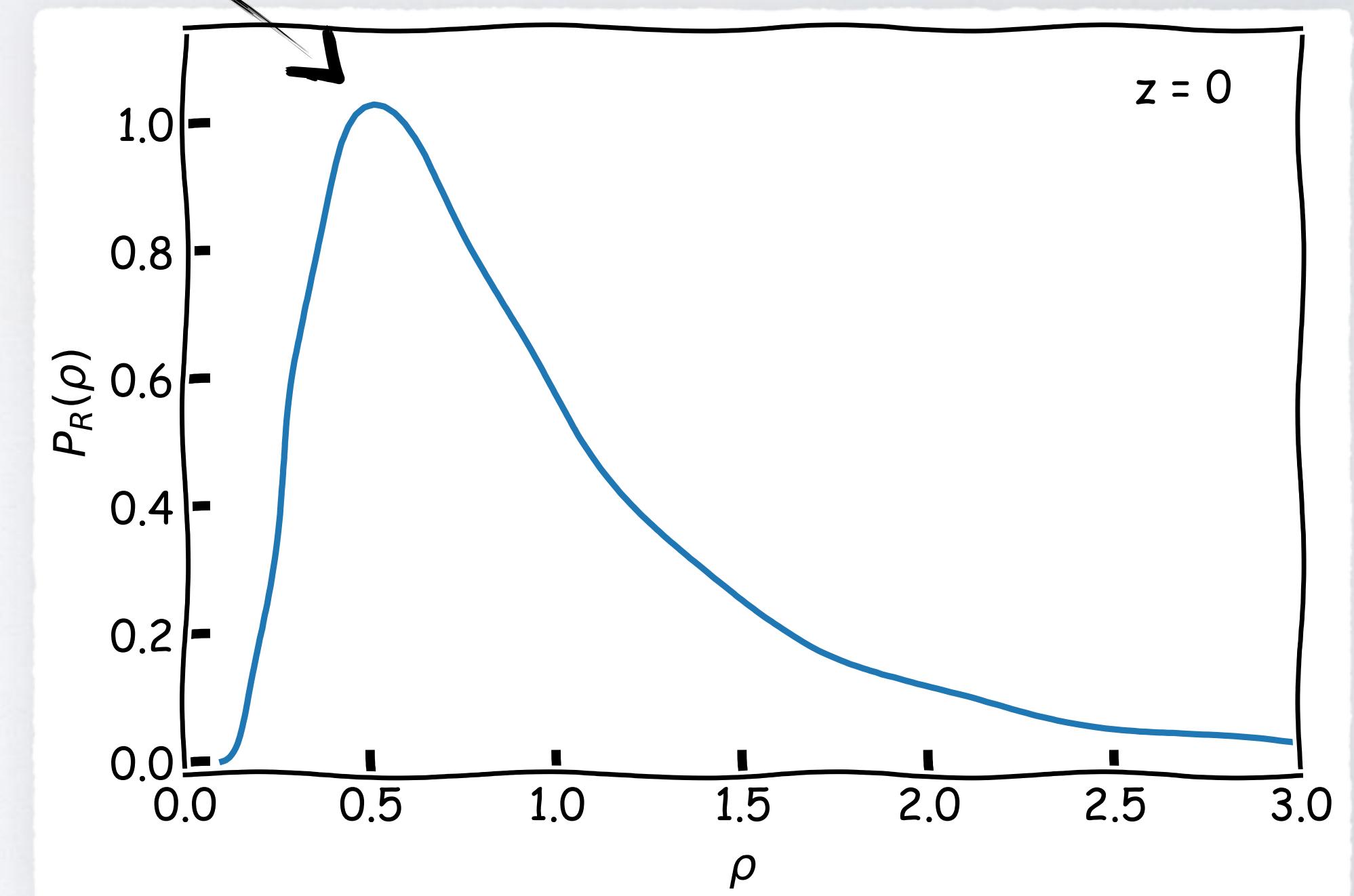
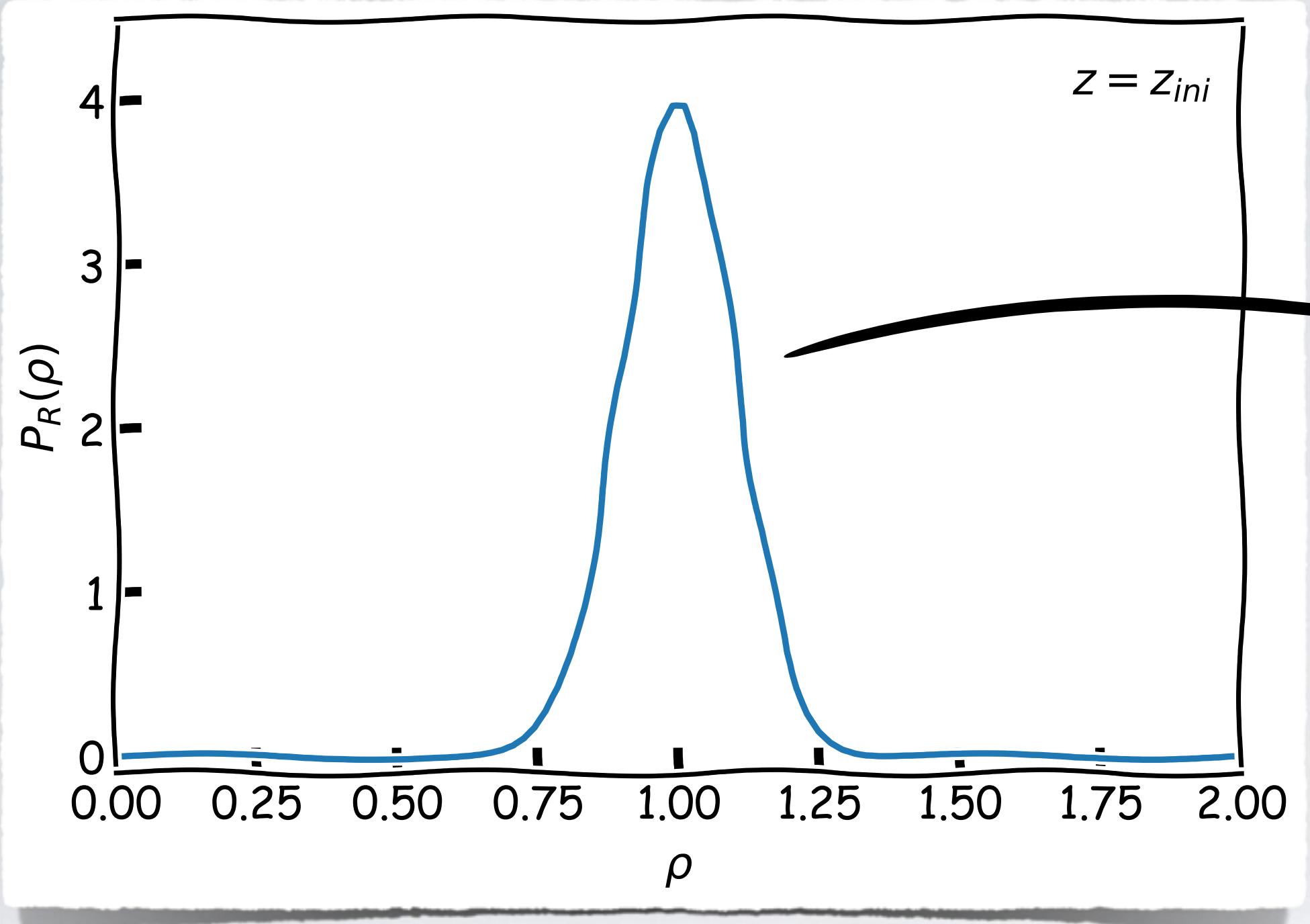
In the beginning it was Gaussian...



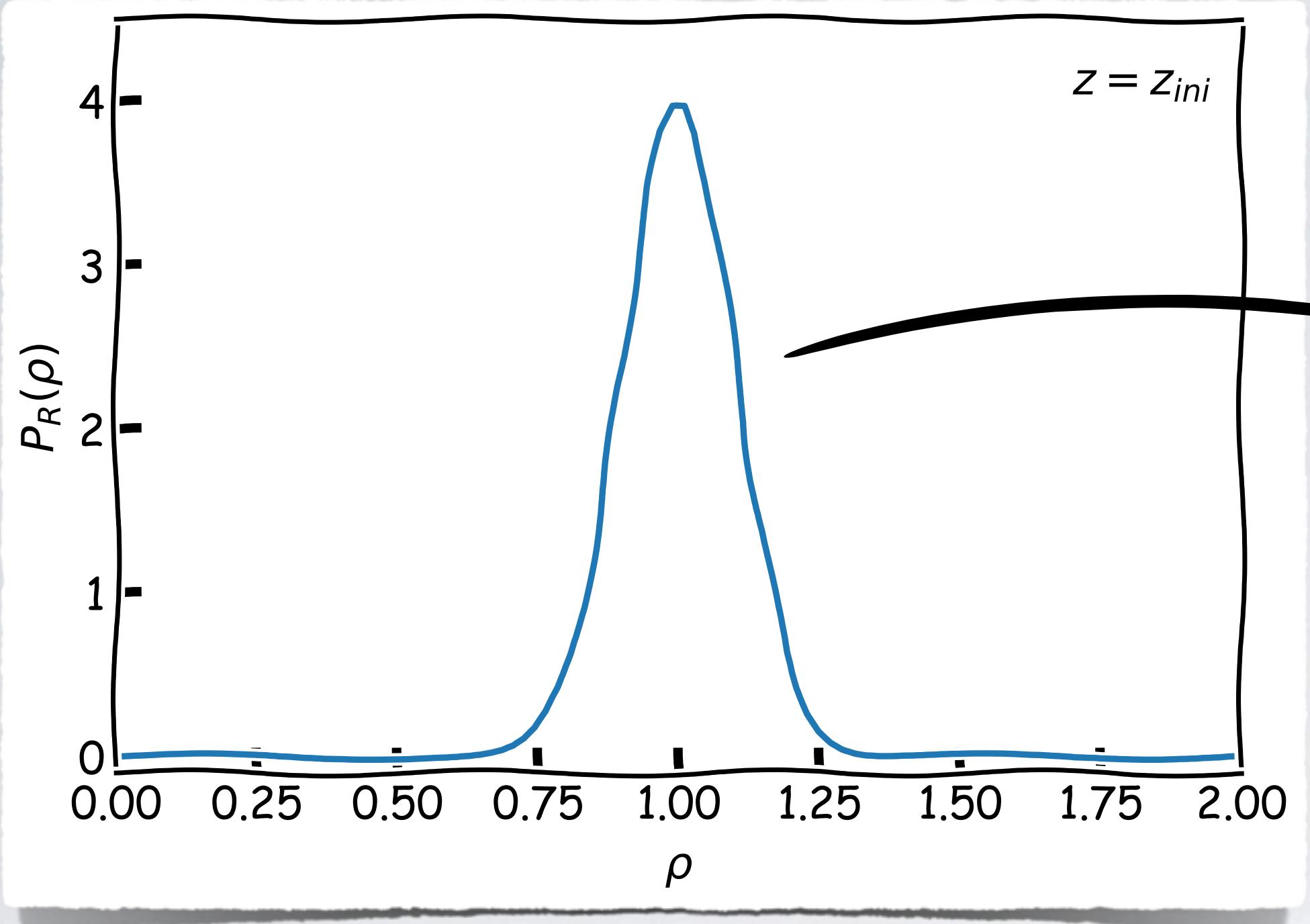
...later on, not so much!



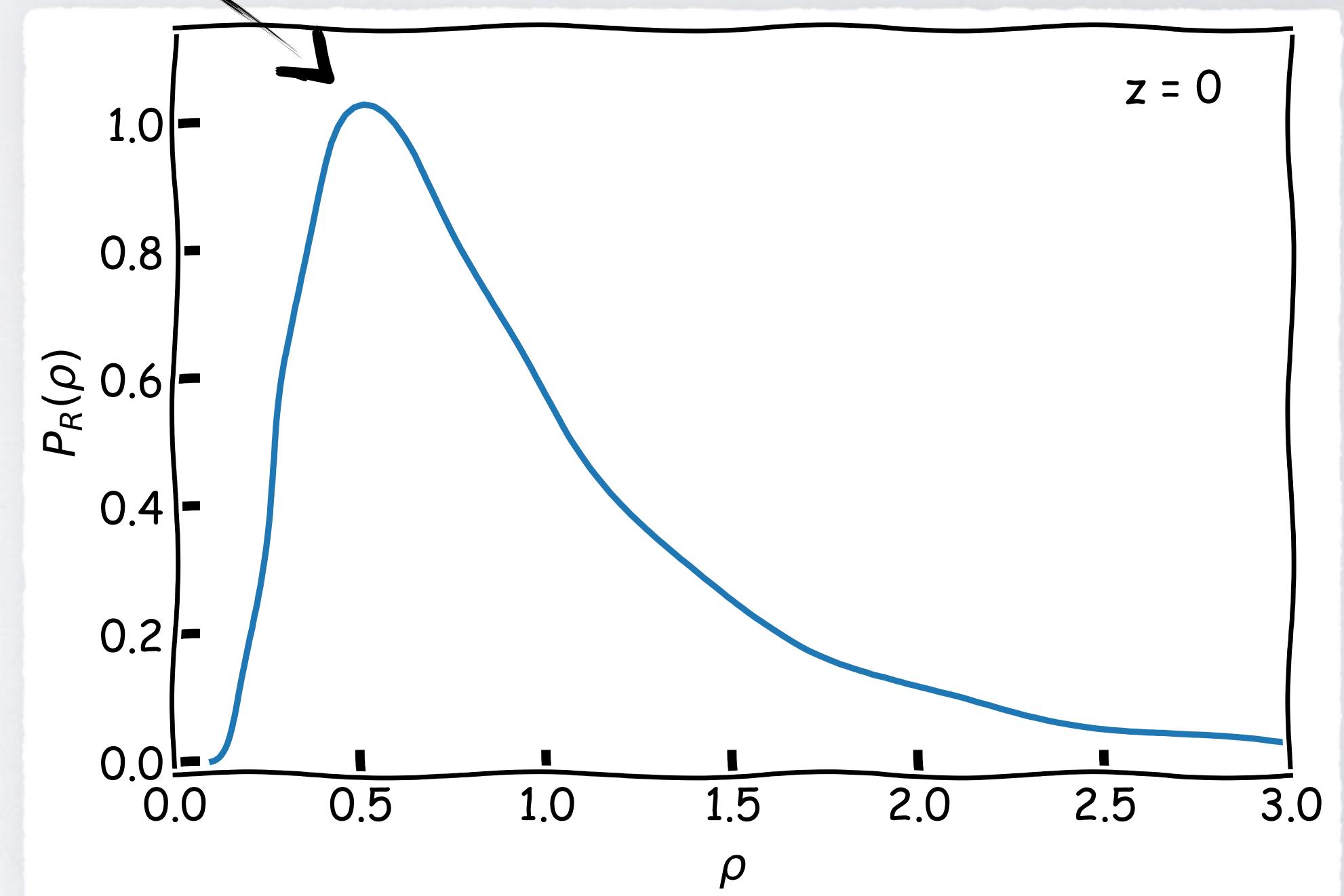
An analytical prescription?



An analytical prescription?



Large-deviation theory



Large-deviation theory 101

[excellent review by Touchette (2009)]

- Describes the exponential decay of the probability of large fluctuations in stochastic processes

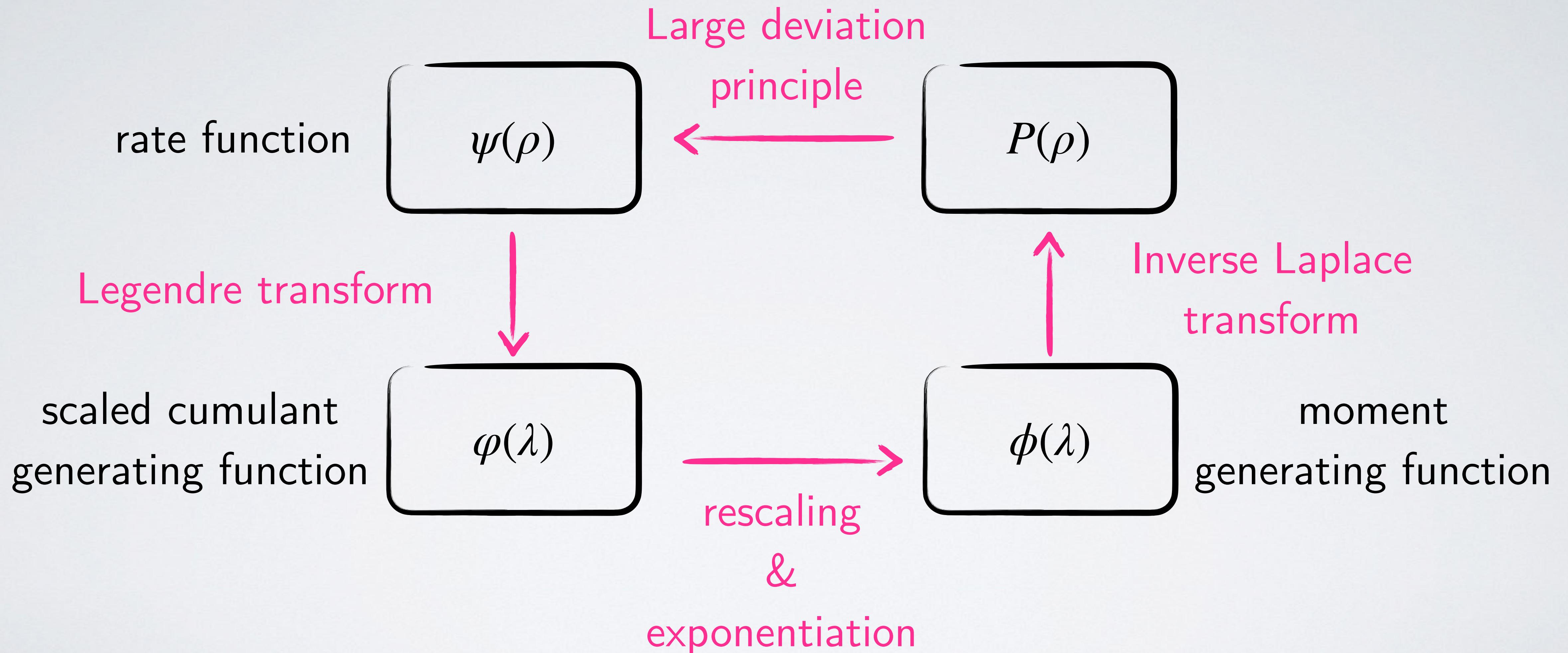
$$P(x) \sim e^{-N\psi(x)}$$

driving parameter
decay-rate function

- A generalisation of the Central Limit Theorem

$$\psi(x) \approx \frac{1}{2}\psi''(x^*)(x - x^*)^2$$

From rate functions to PDFs (and back)



Contractions, saddles and probabilities

[Bernardeau & Reimberg (2016), Uhlemann et al. (2016)]

Rate function of the cosmic density field (contraction principle)

$$\psi_R(\rho) = \frac{\sigma_L^2(R)}{\sigma_L^2(R\rho^{1/3})} \frac{\tau_{\text{EdS}}^2(\rho)}{2}$$

linear theory

Einstein-de Sitter sph. dynamics

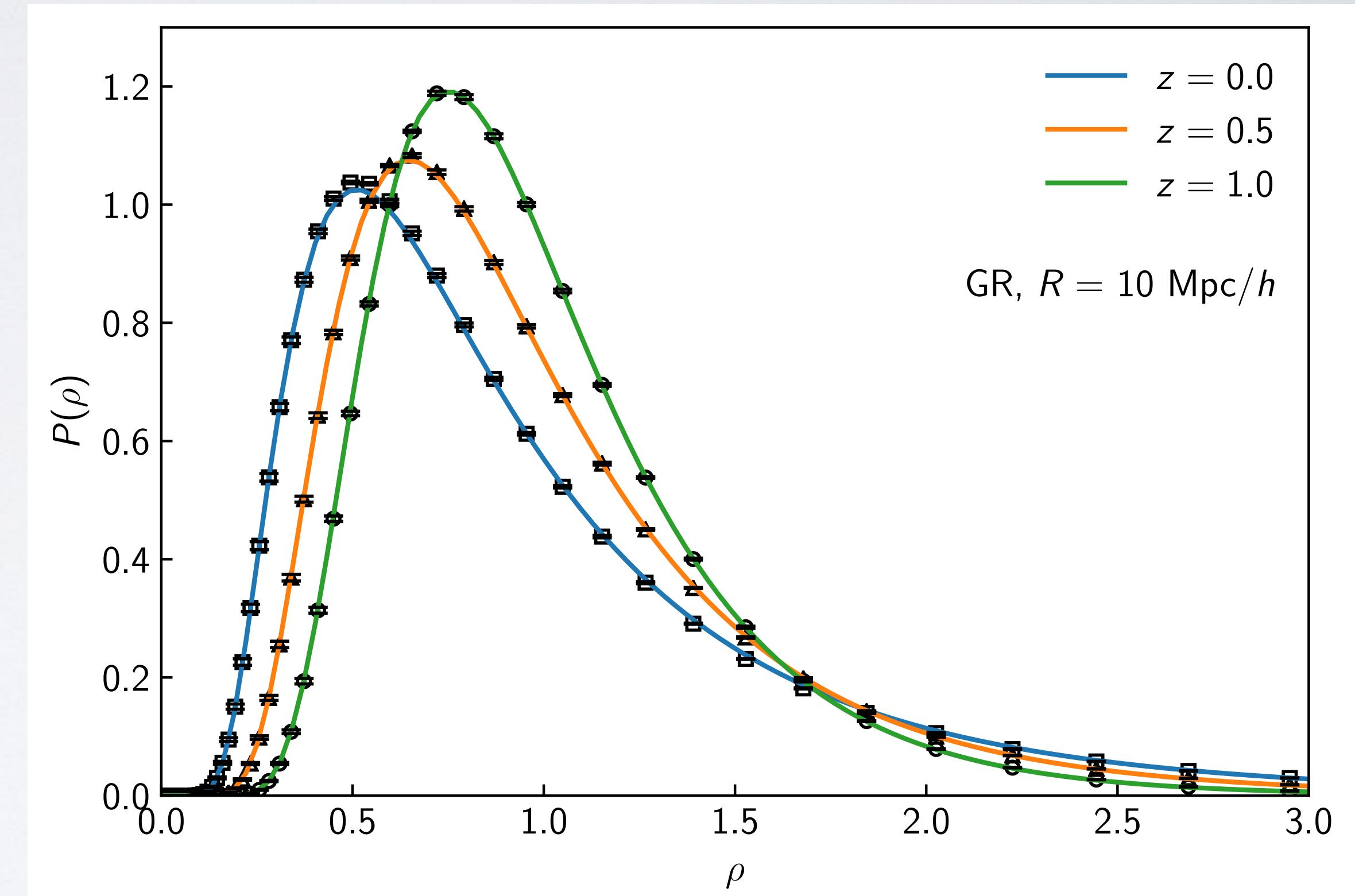
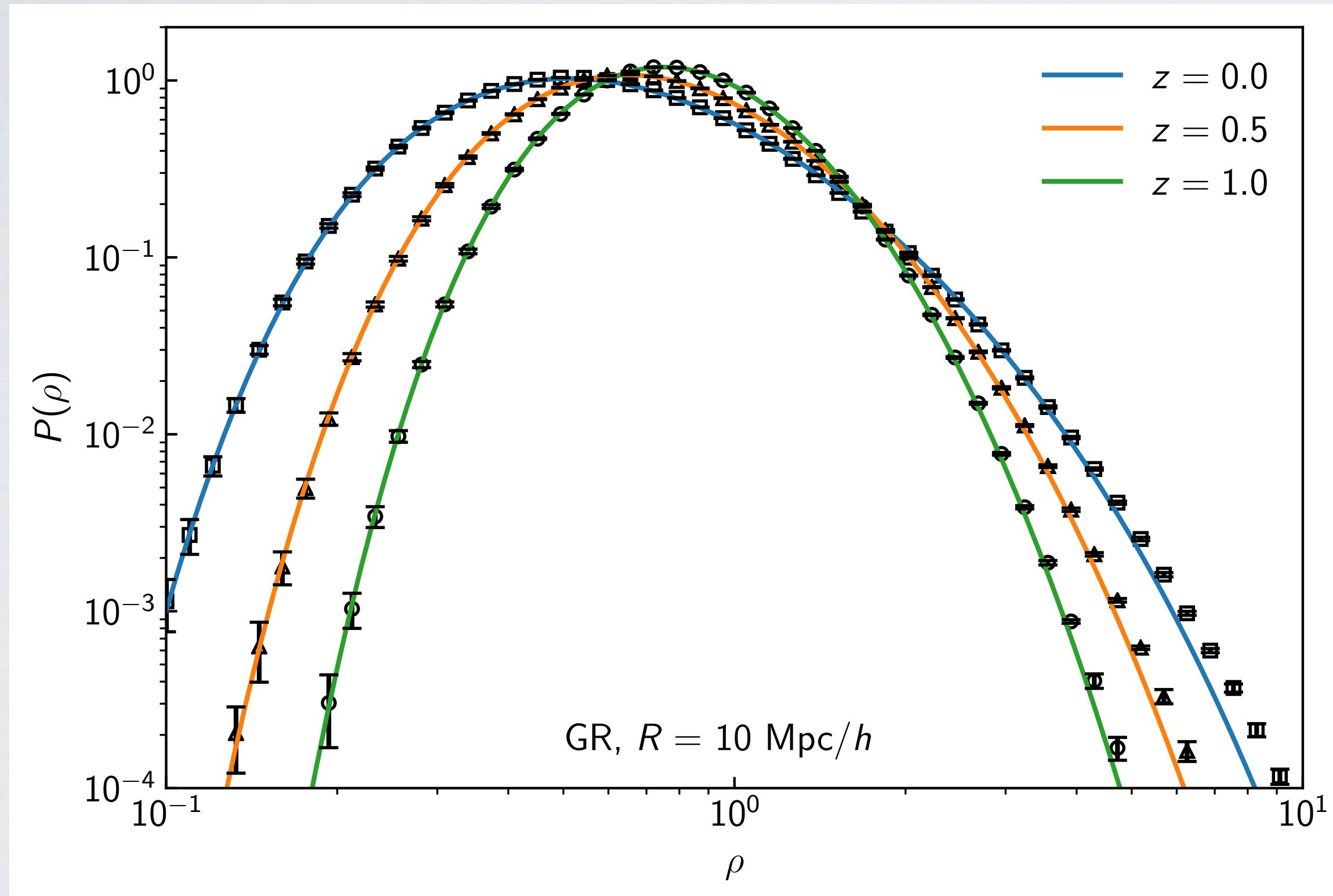
From the rate function to the PDF (contraction + saddle-point approx.)

$$\mathcal{P}_{R,z}(\rho) = \sqrt{\frac{\psi_R''(\rho) + \psi_R'(\rho)/\rho}{2\pi\sigma_{\ln\rho}^2(R,z)}} \exp\left[-\frac{\psi_R(\rho)}{\sigma_{\ln\rho}^2(R,z)}\right]$$

non-linear
clustering



Matter PDF in Λ CDM



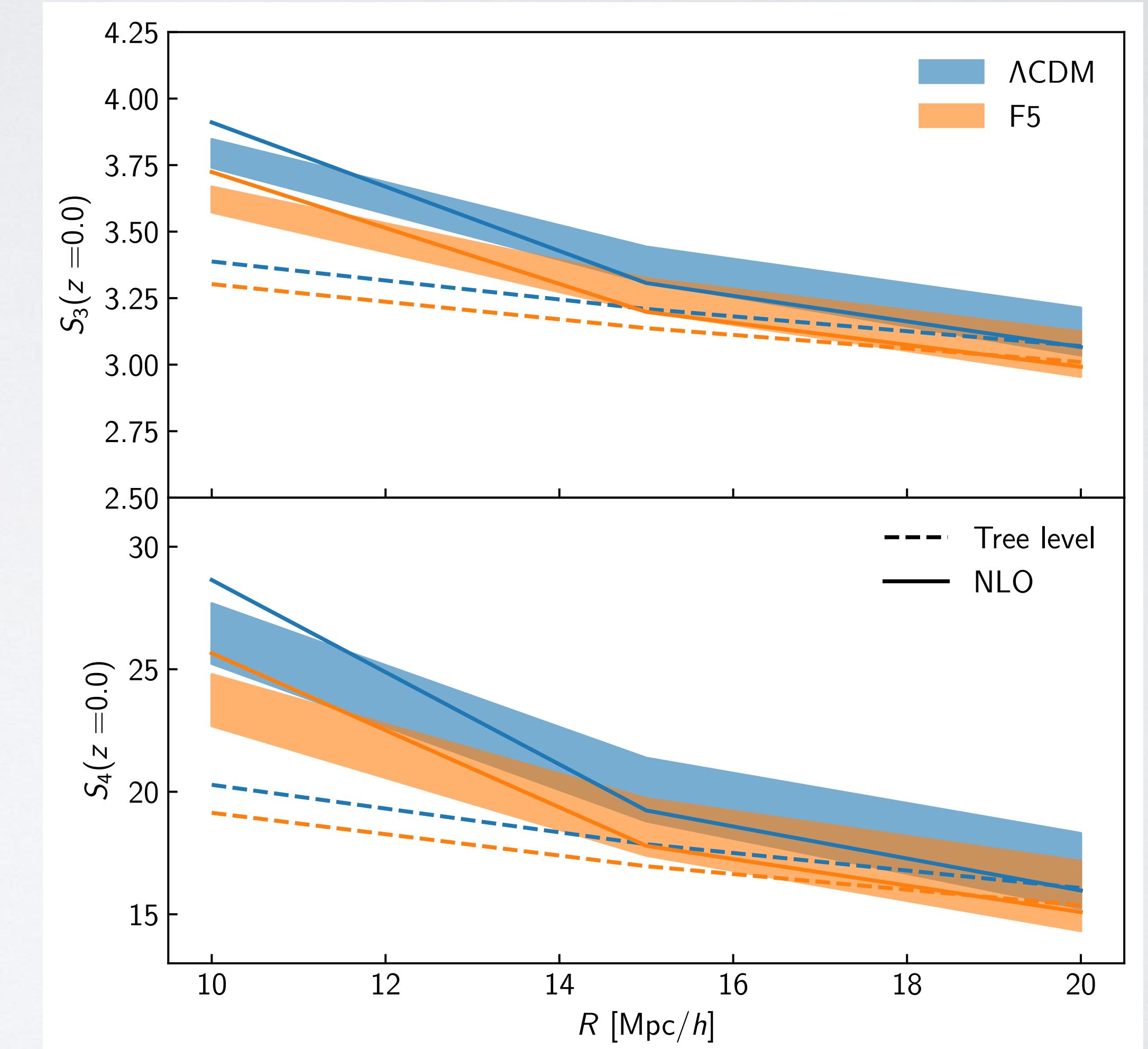
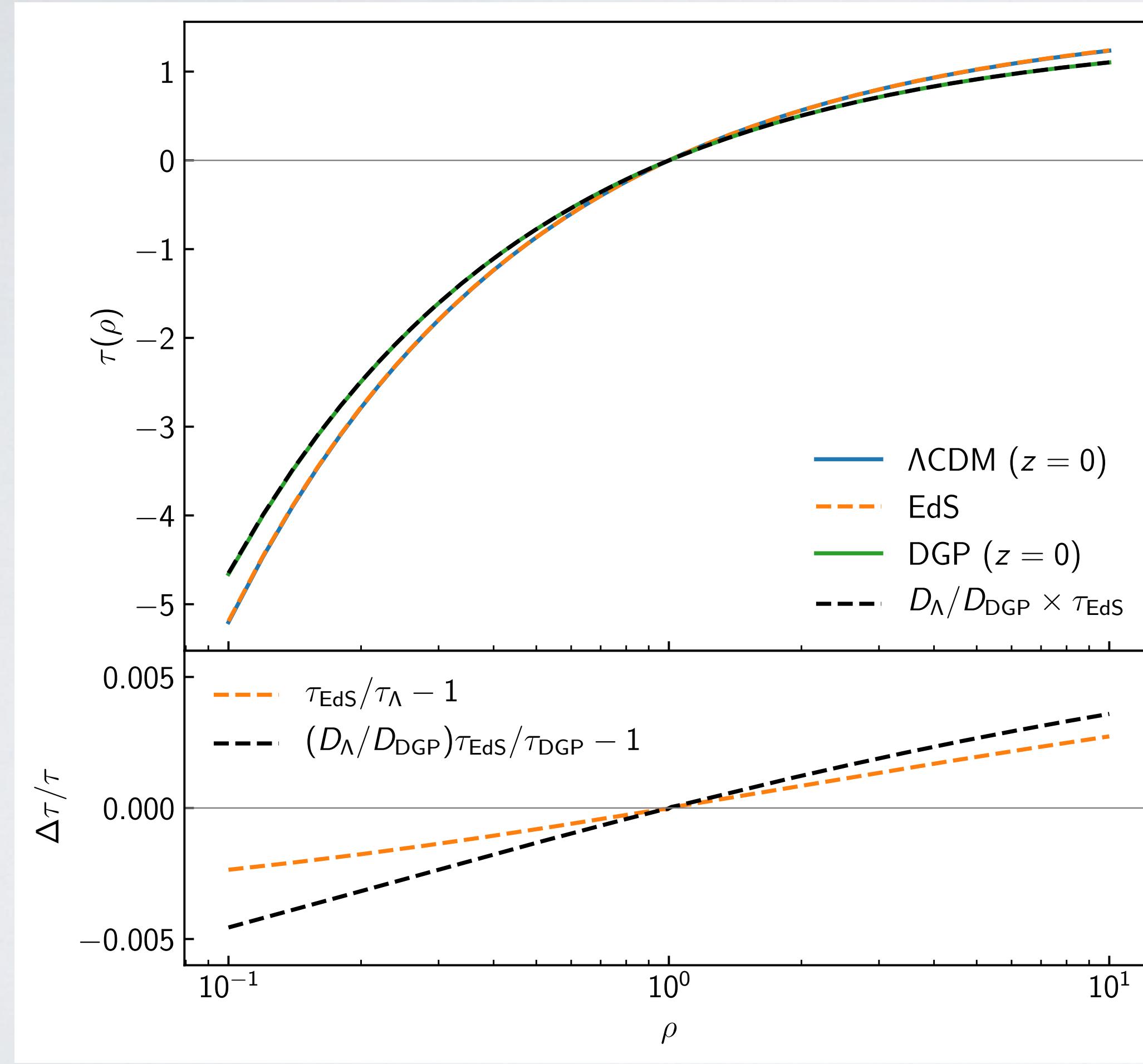
What about MG and DE?

On sufficiently large scales ($R \gtrsim 10 \text{ Mpc}/h$)

1. MG phenomenology (i.e. fifth force and screening mechanisms)
2. DE changes to background expansion

have ***negligible impact on the evolution of spherical fluctuations*** (cf. Brax & Valageas 2012).

Einstein-de Sitter approximation



The matter density PDF in MG and DE

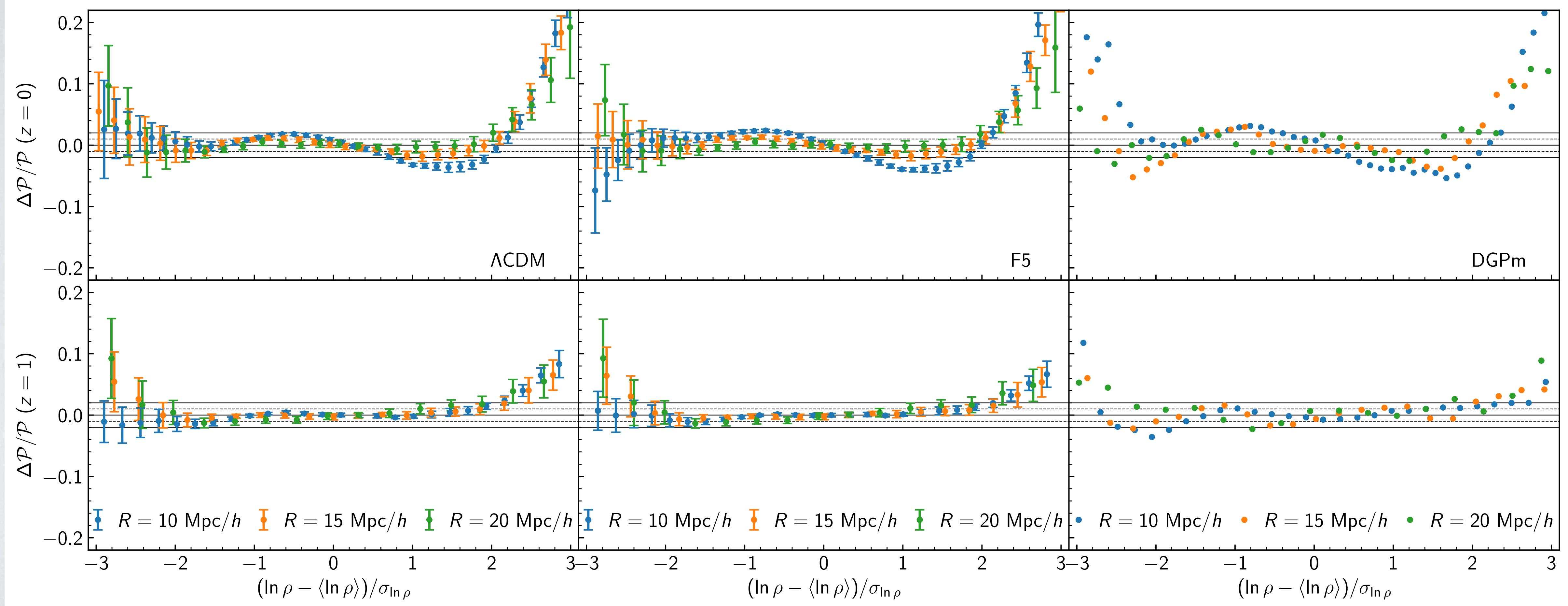
Rate function (contraction principle)

$$\psi_{R,z}(\rho) = \frac{\sigma_{\text{L,ext}}^2(R, z)}{\sigma_{\text{L,ext}}^2(R\rho^{1/3}, z)} \frac{\tau_{\text{EdS}}^2(\rho)}{2}$$

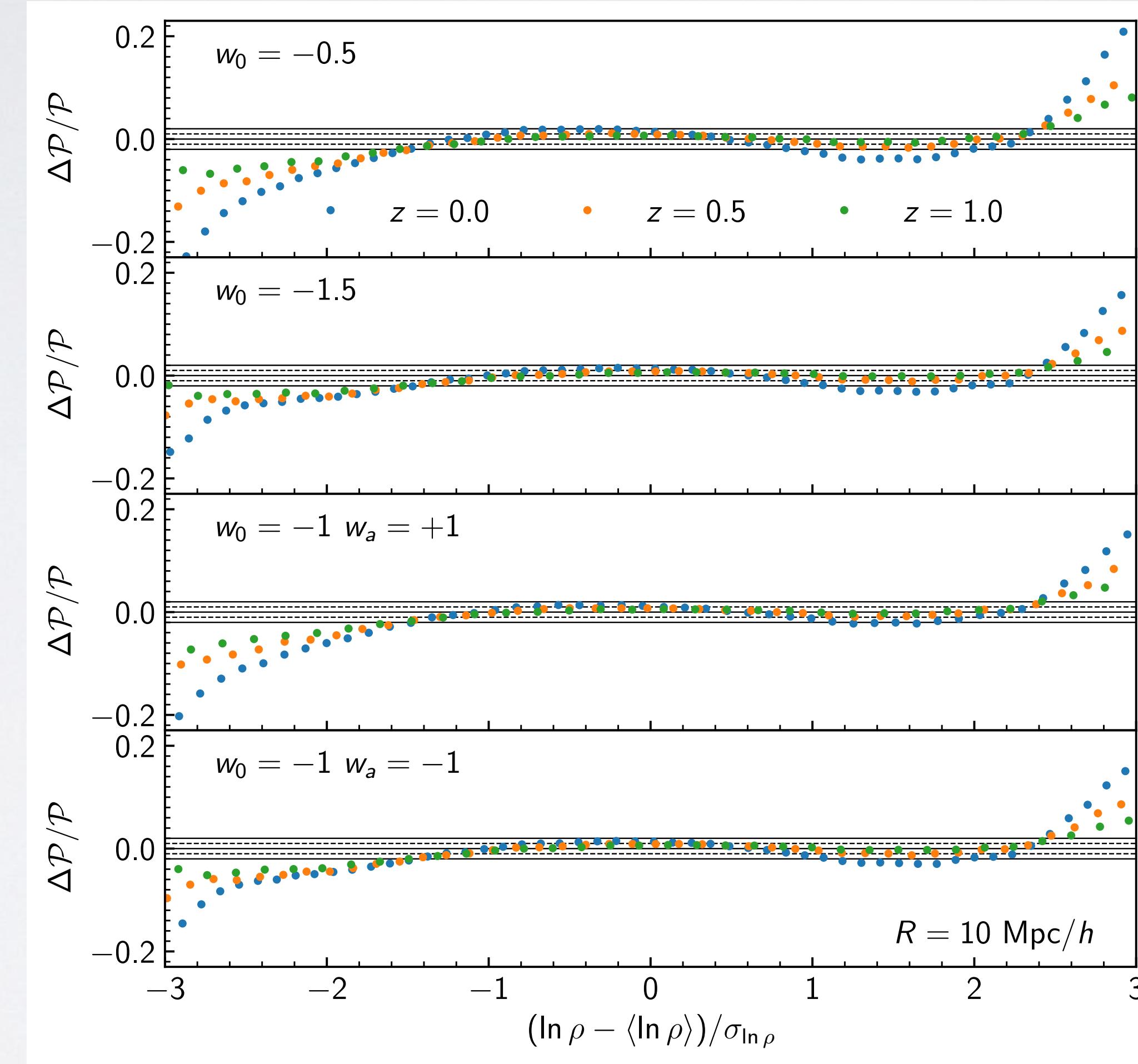
From rate function to PDF (contraction + saddle-point approx.)

$$\mathcal{P}_{R,z}(\rho) = \sqrt{\frac{\psi''_{R,z}(\rho) + \psi'_{R,z}(\rho)/\rho}{2\pi\sigma_{\ln\rho,\text{ext}}^2(R, z)}} \exp \left[-\frac{\psi_{R,z}(\rho)}{\sigma_{\ln\rho,\text{ext}}^2(R, z)} \right]$$

LDT v simulations: Modified Gravity

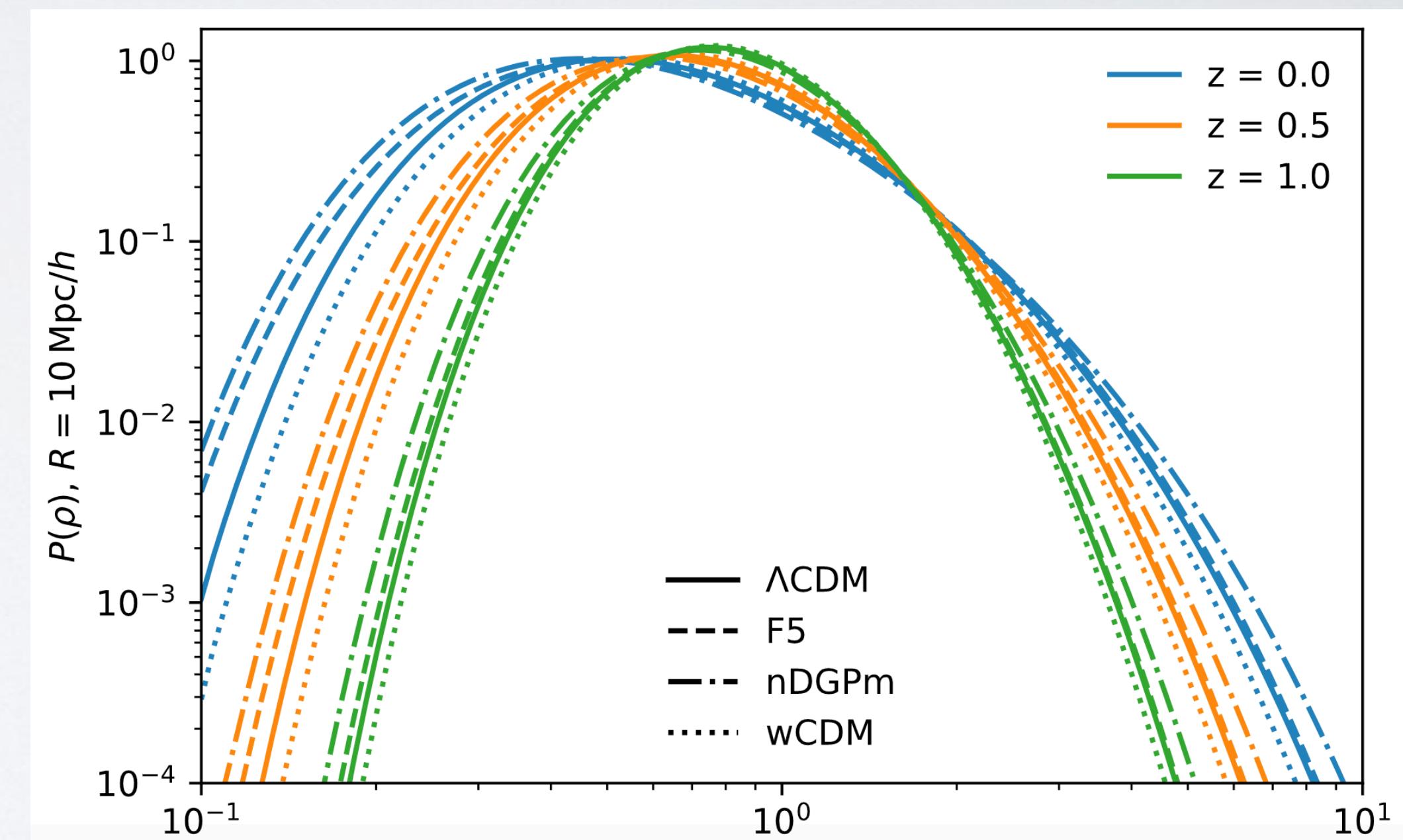


LDT v simulations: Dark Energy

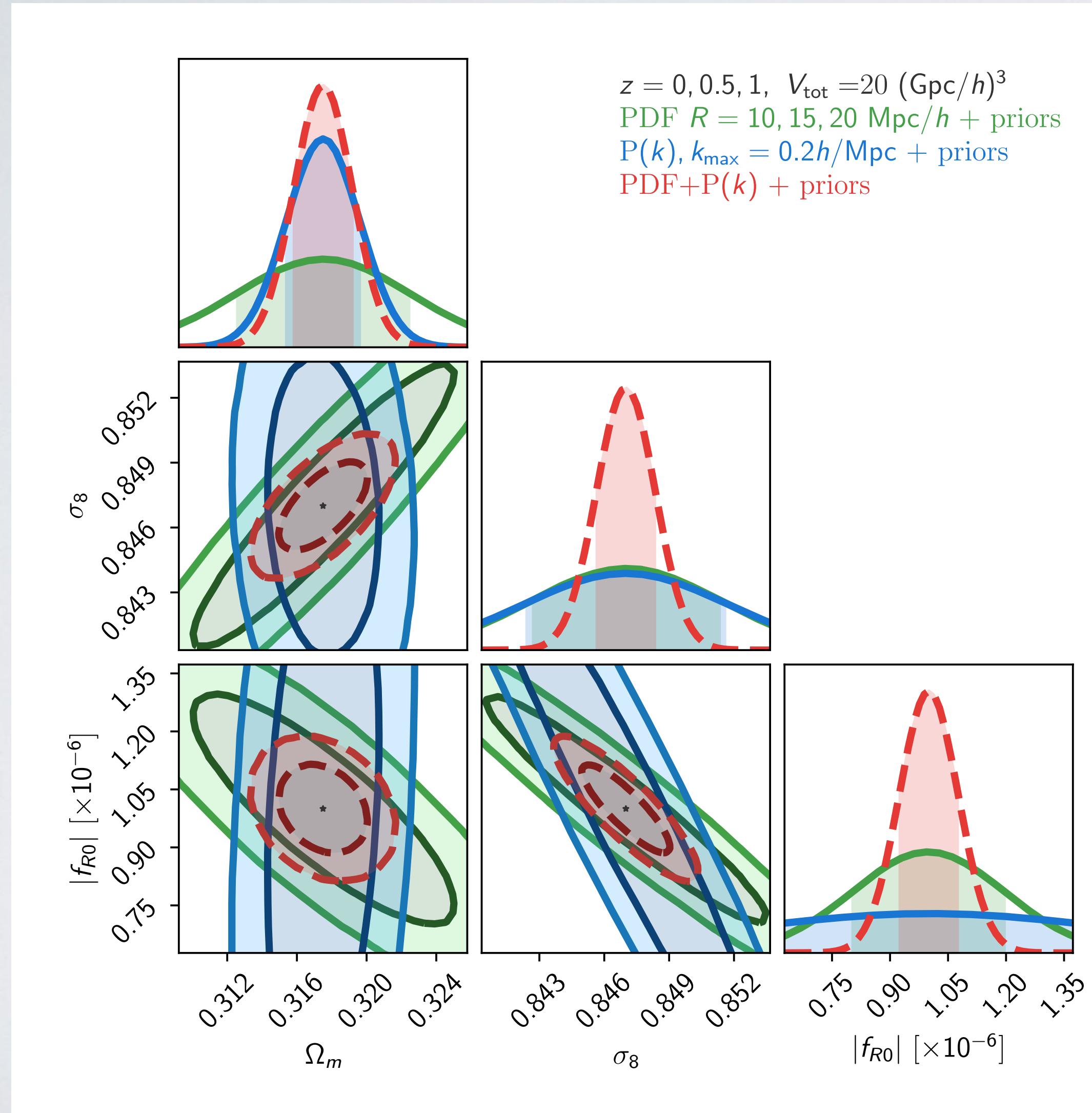


pyLDT

- Computes 3D matter density PDF
 - Λ CDM, w_0w_a CDM, DGP and $f(R)$ gravity
 - Can easily implement new models just by adding linear growth equation
 - PDFs for 3 redshifts and 3 smoothing radii in ~ 1 sec (most of it CAMB)
 - Includes log-normal approximation
- $$\sigma_{\ln \rho}^2(R, z) = \frac{\ln [1 + \sigma_L^2(R, z)]}{\ln [1 + \sigma_{L, \text{fid}}^2(R, z)]} \sigma_{\ln \rho, \text{fid}}^2(R, z)$$
- Soon available on GitHub together with example notebook



$\mathcal{P}(\rho)$ - $P(k)$ complementarity



F6 detection	
PDF $\mathcal{P}_R(\rho)$ 3 scales + prior	5.15σ
$P(k), k_{\text{max}} = 0.2h/\text{Mpc} + \text{prior}$	2.01σ
PDF + $P(k)$ + prior	13.40σ

Watch Alex Gough's Flash Talk
for more!

Summary & Outlook

- LDT works for matter density PDF of MG and DE cosmologies
 - No knowledge of spherical evolution dynamics required in the mildly non-linear regime
 - Only need linear theory + non-linear variance
 - Substantial information gain from $P(k)$ + PDF combination
-
- Extend to biased tracers in redshift space (Uhlemann et al. 2017)
 - Extend to lensing convergence PDF (Barthelemy et al. 2020, Boyle et al. 2020) and combine with Reaction framework (Cataneo et al. 2019)
 - Applications to density split statistics (Friedrich et al. 2018, Gruen et al. 2018) and combine with Reaction framework