# Cosmological Measurements of Massive Light Relics

Cosmology From Home 2021

#### W. Linda Xu

with Nick Deporzio, Julian Muñoz, & Cora Dvorkin [2006.09395, 2006.09380 & Ongoing work]



#### Harvard University

W. Linda Xu

Cosmological Measurements of Massive Light Relic

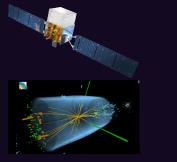
- $\blacktriangleright\,$  "Light" : Visible, ordinary particle content  $\sim 15\%\,$
- $\blacktriangleright$  "Dark" : Invisible, feebly-interacting particle content  $\sim 85\%$

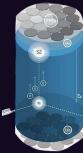
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Matter content of the universe

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  - Most of it needs to be mostly cold and collisionless
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    - We stand a chance to detect them

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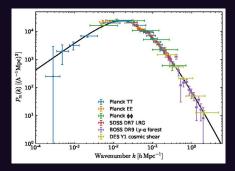
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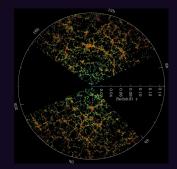
Neutrinos

- ► Last piece of the SM
- Massive, but unresolved
- Not Neutrinos (LiMRs)
  - ► New particles!
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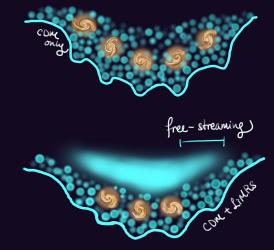


#### Large-Scale Structure





# The big picture



# CDM clusters at all scales, LiMRs do not

 Independent of any present-day interactions

#### Massive Light Relics: The basics

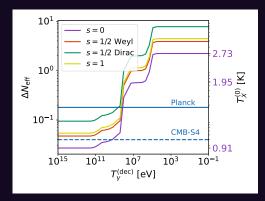
A relic X is characterized by its

- Mass  $m_X$
- $\blacktriangleright$  (present-day) Temperature  $T_X^{(0)}$
- Thermalized\* dofs  $g_X$  (bosonic or fermionic)

\*Higher-spin particles have effective  $g_X = 2$ 

#### Massive Light Relics: The basics Free Parameters: $\{m_X, T_X^{(0)}, g_X\}$

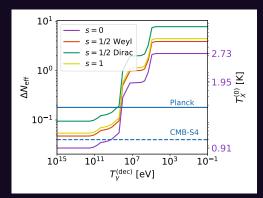
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[Deporzio, WLX, Műnoz, Dvorkin 2006.09380]

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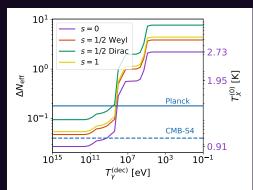
Minimal extensions  $\implies T_X^0 \ge 0.91$  K.

[Deporzio, WLX, Műnoz, Dvorkin 2006.09380]

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Cosmological Measurements of Massive Light Relics

• While relativistic, contributes to  $\Delta N_{\rm eff}$ 



 $\Delta N_{\rm eff} \propto g_X (T_X^0)^4$ 

[Deporzio, WLX, Műnoz, Dvorkin 2006.09380]

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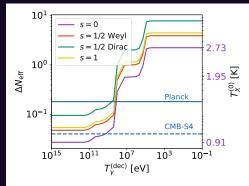
Cosmological Measurements of Massive Light Relics

• While relativistic, contributes to  $\Delta N_{\rm eff}$ 

 $\Delta N_{\rm eff} \propto g_X (T_X^0)^4$ 

If relativistic during recombination ( $m_X \lesssim 0.1 \text{ eV}$ ),

Planck  $\Delta N_{\rm eff} \le 0.36$  (95% CL)  $\implies T_X^0 \le 1.5$  K for X Weyl



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[Deporzio, WLX, Münoz, Dvorkin 2006.09380] 7/19

#### ▶ Transition from radiation to matter $\rightarrow$ free-streaming $k_{\text{fs},X}$

$$k_{\mathrm{fs},X} \propto \frac{m_X/T_X^{(0)}}{\sqrt{1+z}}$$

#### ► As matter today, present-day abundance $\omega_X$

 $\omega_X \propto g_X m_X (T_X^{(0)})^3$ 

#### Imprint on Large-Scale Structure

Galaxies are biased tracers of matter

 $P_g \propto b P_m(k,z)$   $\delta_m = \delta_{cb} + \delta_\nu + \delta_X$ 



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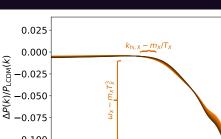
Galaxies are biased tracers of clustering matter

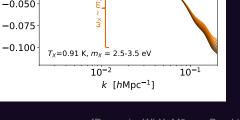
$$P_g \propto b P_m P_{cb}(k,z) \qquad \delta_m = \left(\delta_{cb}\right) + \delta_{\nu} + \delta_X$$



#### Imprint on matter fluctuations







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[Deporzio. WLX, Mũnoz, Dvorkin 2006.09380]

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### Data/Experiments

Markov Chain Monte Carlo

$$\begin{aligned} \{\omega_b, \omega_{cdm}, h, n_s, A_s, \tau, \sum m_\nu\} \\ + \{m_X, T_X^{(0)}\} \end{aligned}$$

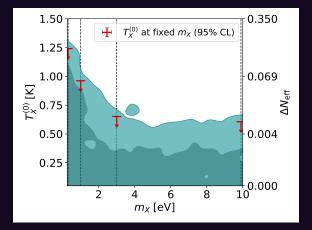
{Scalar, Weyl, Vector, Dirac}

- Planck 2018 TT+TE+EE
  +Lensing
- CFHTLens
- BOSS DR 12

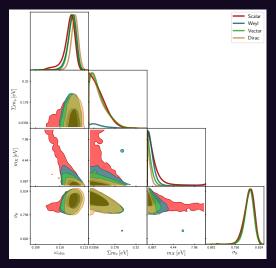


#### So, are there LiMRs in our universe?

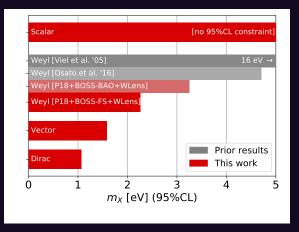
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[Minimum temperature  $T_X = 0.91$  K]



## Results & what we can learn from it

Light gravitinos in gauge-mediated SUSY breaking

 $\sim$  2.20 eV

$$m_X = \frac{\Lambda^2}{\sqrt{3}M_{pl}}, \quad T_X = 0.91K, \quad g_{X,\text{eff}} = 2$$
  
 $m_X < 2.26 \text{ eV} \implies \Lambda < 69.1 \text{ TeV}$ 

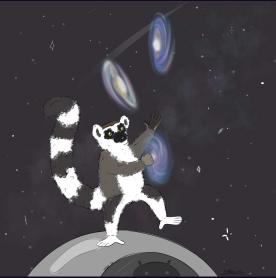
< 09.1

## Results & where we have landed

Dark sectors are worth studying, in whole or in part

- There are reasons to care about LiMRs
- If so, cosmological data is uniquely powerful
- Nontrivial constraints now, better data coming soon!

## Thank you!



[Estella Lin, 20] Cosmological Measurements of Massive Light Relics